

# Getting the Message

## How Governments Use Public Information Posters to Inform and Inspire Generations

### Background

The use of arts and artists to both build morale and emphasize a particular point of view has been commonplace throughout the history of the United States. Whether directly recruiting for the war effort (such as the famous I Want You for the U.S. Army Uncle Sam poster) or to encourage new social norms, the work of artists has been a central platform of how society responds to times of great social change.

Posters are an amazing source of historical information. A unique combination of words, color, and art they grab the viewers' attention with the goal of portraying an obvious message. However, most artists, organizations, and advertisers did not design posters with the intention of documenting history. Posters are meant to be a method of persuasion. For most of American history, posters were produced quickly, printed on low-quality paper, for as cheap as possible. They were meant to be posted, serve their purpose and then be disposed of. As advertising and art changed throughout the second half of the 20th century so too did the public's relationship with posters. Posters went from disposable products posted on the sides of buildings to a respected art form often displayed in museums and galleries.

### What You Can Do

Using the resources included below, create your own public information poster. In keeping with what is going on around us in the world today with COVID-19, the posters will either have a public health and safety message or they will have a call to action to help promote social change, well-being and community spirit.

Below is a lesson plan designed for use by educators and adaptable for any grade level. Feel free to use as many of the resources as desired.

- Use the template included in this lesson to create your poster.
- Take a photo of your poster.
- Upload it to Facebook and/or Instagram with the hashtag **#BIGHistoryIsHappening**.

Send your questions to: [education@wisconsinhistory.org](mailto:education@wisconsinhistory.org)



"Food: Don't Waste It"  
World War I Poster

## Enduring Understanding

By engaging with posters and other forms of artistic expression, marketing, and propaganda designed specifically to address a need or problem of the past, students will gain a better understanding of current events.

## Essential Questions

- How do events influence artistic expression?
- What role did government play in the creative arts?
- How are marketing and propaganda similar? How are they different?
- Why are the arts a useful form of morale building?

## Terms

- Propaganda
- Marketing
- Call to Action

## Performance Task

1. Have students examine various examples of historic marketing or propaganda. Links to various poster sets from the Wisconsin Historical Society and the Library of Congress are found in the Resources section.
  - a. Students will compare and contrast different eras of posters (WW1 vs WW2 for example)
  - b. Ask: What message is <this poster> trying to convey
  - c. Ask: What problem is this poster hoping to solve
  - d. Ask: What “call to action” is this poster hoping to create?
2. Using the provided template, students will create a piece of informative/persuasive artwork based upon one or more of the following themes:

### NEW POSTER THEMES

#### Shelter in Place

### HISTORIC EXAMPLES

“You Can Help”

[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM128880](https://www.wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM128880)

“Wake Up America”

[loc.gov/resource/ppmsca.40985](https://www.loc.gov/resource/ppmsca.40985)



## **NEW POSTER THEMES**

**Support Medical and  
Essential Services Employees**

**Social Distancing**

**Education at Home**

**Wash Your Hands /  
Take Recommended Precautions**

**We Get Through This Together #1**

**Conserving Resources**

**Assisting Elderly Friends, Family  
and Neighbors**

**Helping Each Other Food Drives /  
Support Local / Relief Funds / Etc.**

**We Get Through This Together #2**

## **HISTORIC EXAMPLES**

“Help Him Win”  
[loc.gov/resource/cph.3g09559](https://loc.gov/resource/cph.3g09559)

“If I Fail”  
[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM128879](https://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM128879)

“Are You Breaking the Law”  
[loc.gov/resource/cph.3g12666](https://loc.gov/resource/cph.3g12666)

“The Teacher Serves the Nation”  
[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM133970](https://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM133970)

“Don’t Talk”  
[loc.gov/resource/ppmsca.53575](https://loc.gov/resource/ppmsca.53575)

“Teamwork Wins”  
[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM130203](https://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM130203)

“Togther We Win”  
[loc.gov/resource/cph.3g01660](https://loc.gov/resource/cph.3g01660)

“Save”  
[loc.gov/resource/cph.3g09740/](https://loc.gov/resource/cph.3g09740/)

“Food is Ammunition”  
[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM130163](https://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM130163)

“Join the Civilian Defense”  
[dc.library.northwestern.edu/items/23b4658e-1af0-4993-959f-3336721a7a99](https://dc.library.northwestern.edu/items/23b4658e-1af0-4993-959f-3336721a7a99)

“Knit Your Bit”  
[loc.gov/resource/cph.3g09863](https://loc.gov/resource/cph.3g09863)

“Spirit of ‘18”  
[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM130169](https://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM130169)

“I Want You”  
[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM32145](https://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Image/IM32145)

“For Every Fighter”  
[loc.gov/resource/ppmsca.40823](https://loc.gov/resource/ppmsca.40823)



### 3. Resources

- a. [loc.gov/free-to-use/wwi-posters](http://loc.gov/free-to-use/wwi-posters)  
WWI poster collection from the Library of Congress
- b. [wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Article/CS15825](http://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Article/CS15825)  
WWI poster collection from the Wisconsin Historical Society
- c. [wisconsinhistory.org/Records?&terms=gugler&facets=CONTENT\\_TYPE%3a%22Poster%22](http://wisconsinhistory.org/Records?&terms=gugler&facets=CONTENT_TYPE%3a%22Poster%22)  
WWII poster collection from the Wisconsin Historical Society
- d. [dc.library.northwestern.edu/collections/faf4f60e-78e0-4fbf-96ce-4ca8b4df597a](http://dc.library.northwestern.edu/collections/faf4f60e-78e0-4fbf-96ce-4ca8b4df597a)  
WWII poster collection from the Library of Congress via Northwestern University
- e. [usdac.us/artisticresponse](http://usdac.us/artisticresponse)  
As natural disasters and social emergencies multiply, the need has grown for ethical, creative, and effective artistic response—arts-based work responding to disaster or other community-wide emergency, much of it created in collaboration with community members directly affected.

### 4. Thinking Like A Historian: Using the Past (to make sense of the present)

[wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Article/CS3632](http://wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Article/CS3632)

### Extension

[community.amplifier.org/campaign/global-open-call-for-art/](http://community.amplifier.org/campaign/global-open-call-for-art/)

YOUR art has power. Art can heal, art can save lives, and art can bring us together even while we are apart. It can be a compass to guide us through this storm. This is your chance to make work that will be distributed worldwide and will inspire us all to stay strong, safe, and united.



